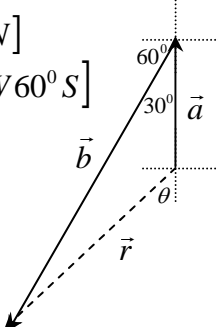


3) Find the displacement of a cruise ship that travels $20\text{km}[N]$ and then $60\text{km}[W 60^\circ S]$ Draw a detail diagram.

<p>Given $\vec{a} = 20\text{km}[N]$ $\vec{b} = 60\text{km}[W 60^\circ S]$</p> 	<p>RTF \vec{d}</p>	<p>Formulae $r^2 = a^2 + b^2 - 2ab \cos(R)$ $\frac{\sin R}{r} = \frac{\sin B}{b}$</p>
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<p>Solution</p>		
<p>Find \vec{r} — $r^2 = a^2 + b^2 - 2ab \cos(R)$ $r = \sqrt{a^2 + b^2 - 2ab \cos(R)}$ $r = \sqrt{(20)^2 + (60)^2 - 2(20)(60)\cos(30)}$ $r = 44.8\text{km}$</p>	<p>Find θ — $\frac{\sin B}{b} = \frac{\sin R}{r}$ $\sin B = \frac{b \sin R}{r}$ $\sin B = \frac{(60)\sin(30)}{44.8}$ $\sin B = 0.669642857$ $\angle B = 42^\circ$ (<i>acute</i>) $\angle B = 138^\circ$ (<i>obtuse</i>)</p>	<p>$\theta + B = 180^\circ$ $\theta = 180^\circ - 138^\circ$ $\theta = 42^\circ$</p>
		<p>$\therefore \vec{r} = 45\text{km}[S 42^\circ W]$</p>

Find the displacement of a boat that sails $1.0\text{km}[N30^\circ W]$, $2.0\text{km}[W20^\circ S]$ and $2.0\text{km}[S10^\circ E]$
 Draw a detail diagram.

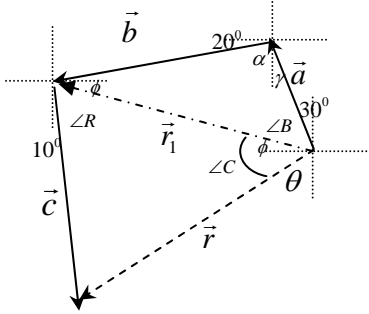
<u>Given</u>	<u>RTF</u>	<u>Formulae</u>
$\vec{a} = 1.0\text{km}[N30^\circ W]$ $\vec{b} = 2.0\text{km}[W20^\circ S]$ $\vec{c} = 2.0\text{km}[S10^\circ E]$	\vec{d}	$r^2 = a^2 + b^2 - 2ab \cos(R)$ $\frac{\sin R}{r} = \frac{\sin B}{b}$ $\frac{\sin C}{c} = \frac{\sin R}{r}$

Solution

Vector Equation

$$\vec{r} = \vec{a} + \vec{b} + \vec{c}$$

Vector Diagram



First find $\vec{a} + \vec{b}$

$$\text{Let } \vec{r}_1 = \vec{a} + \vec{b}$$

$$\gamma = 30^\circ \text{ (Z pattern)}$$

$$\alpha = 70^\circ \text{ (Complementary Angles)}$$

$$R_1 = \gamma + \alpha$$

$$R_1 = 30^\circ + 70$$

$$R_1 = 100^\circ$$

Find $|\vec{r}_1|$

$$r_1^2 = a^2 + b^2 - 2ab \cos(R_1)$$

$$r_1 = \sqrt{a^2 + b^2 - 2ab \cos(R_1)}$$

$$r_1 = \sqrt{(1.0)^2 + (2.0)^2 - 2(1.0)(2.0)\cos(100)}$$

$$r_1 = 2.4\text{km}$$

Find ϕ

$$\frac{\sin B}{b} = \frac{\sin R_1}{r_1}$$

$$\sin B = \frac{b \sin R_1}{r_1}$$

$$\sin B = \frac{(2.0)\sin(100)}{2.4}$$

$$\sin B = 0.820673127$$

$$\angle B = 55.1^\circ$$

$$\phi + \angle B + 30^\circ = 90^\circ$$

$$\phi = 90^\circ - \angle B - 30^\circ$$

$$\phi = 90^\circ - 55.1^\circ - 30^\circ$$

$$\phi = 4.9^\circ$$

Find $\angle R$

$$\phi + \angle R + 10^\circ = 90^\circ$$

$$\angle R = 90^\circ - 10^\circ - \phi$$

$$\angle R = 90^\circ - 10^\circ - 4.9^\circ$$

$$\angle R = 75.1^\circ$$

Find $|\vec{r}|$

$$r^2 = c^2 + r_1^2 - 2cr_1 \cos(R)$$

$$r = \sqrt{c^2 + r_1^2 - 2cr_1 \cos(R)}$$

$$r = \sqrt{(2.0)^2 + (2.4)^2 - 2(2.0)(2.4)\cos(75.1^\circ)}$$

$$r = 2.70\text{km}$$

Find θ

$$\frac{\sin C}{c} = \frac{\sin R}{r}$$

$$\sin C = \frac{c \sin R}{r}$$

$$\sin C = \frac{(2.0)\sin(75.1)}{2.70}$$

$$\angle C = 45.7^\circ$$

$$\theta + \angle C + \angle B + 30^\circ = 180^\circ$$

$$\theta = 180^\circ - \angle C - \angle B - 30^\circ$$

$$\theta = 180^\circ - 45.7^\circ - 55.1^\circ - 30^\circ$$

$$\theta = 49^\circ$$

$$\vec{r} = 2.70\text{km}[S49^\circ W]$$

$$\therefore \vec{d} = 2.70\text{km}[S49^\circ W]$$